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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/717,625	11/21/2003	Kei Matsuoka	245719US2RD	8609
22850 7	590 10/30/2006		. EXAMINER	
C. IRVIN MCCLELLAND			. RHEE, JANE J	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1745	
			DATE MAILED: 10/30/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant/a)
		Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summany		10/717,625	MATSUOKA ET AL.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	:	Jane Rhee	1745
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS OF time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timused will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE.	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status	·		
2a)⊠ —	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>18 At</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Dispositi	on of Claims		
5)	Claim(s) 1-5,7-13,15-21 and 23 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-5,7-13,15-21 and 23 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers  The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	wn from consideration.  r election requirement.  r.  epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the Edrawing(s) is objected to by the	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). sected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
12)[ a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  2. Certified copies of the priority documents  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents  application from the International Bureau  see the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
2) Notic 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Rejections Withdrawn

- 1. The 35 U.S.C. 102(b) rejection of claims 1-7,16-17,19-23 anticipated by Baldauf et al. has been withdrawn due to applicant's amendment filed on 8/18/2006.
- 2. The 35 U.S.C. 102(e) rejection of claims 8-15 anticipated by Baldauf et al. has been withdrawn due to applicant's amendment filed on 8/18/2006.
- 3. The 35 U.S.C. 103(a) rejection of claims 10 and 18 over Baldauf et al. in view of Kawasumi et al. has been withdrawn due to applicant's amendment filed on 8/18/2006.

#### New Rejection

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1,3,5,7-9,15-17,23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticiapted by Surampudi et al. (6303244).

As to claim 1, Surampudi et al. discloses a fuel cell system comprising a liquid fuel cell having an anode (figure 1 number 14), a cathode (figure 1 number 16), and an electrolyte membrane put therebetween (figure 1 number 18), a fuel supply unit supplying liquid fuel to the anode (figure 2 number 33) an air supply unit supplying air to the cathode (figure 2 number 26), and a heat exchanger exchanging heat between the liquid fuel supplied by the fuel supply unit to the anode (figure 2 number 37) and an

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exhaust exhausted from the liquid fuel cell (figure 2 number 23).. As to claim 3, Surampudi et al. discloses that the exhaust is exhausted from the anode (figure 2 number 23). As to claim 5, Surampudi et al. discloses that the fuel supply unit further comprises a mixing container mixing the fuel and the exhaust so as to form a mixture in advance (figure 2 number 35). As to claim 7, Surampudi et al. discloses that liquid fuel cell is a direct methanol fuel cell (col.1 line 16).

As to claim 8, Surampudi et al. discloses a fuel cell system comprising a liquid fuel cell having an anode (figure 1 number 14), a cathode (figure 1 number 16) and an electrolyte membrane put therebetween (figure 1 number 18), a fuel supply unit including a mixing container mixing liquid fuel (figure 2 number 35) and an exhaust exhausted from the liquid fuel cell so as to form a liquid mixture (figure 2 number 23), the liquid mixture being supplied to the anode (figure 2 number 20), an air supply unit supplying air to the cathode (figure 2 number 26), a heat exchanger connected to the mixing container so as to exchange heat between the ambient air and the liquid mixture (figure 2 number 35). As to claim 9, Surampudi et al. discloses that the mixing container is configured so that the exhaust passes through the mixture housed in the mixing container thereby gas fractions in the exhaust is separated (figure 2 number 23) and 35). As to claim 15, Surampudi et al. discloses wherein the liquid fuel cell is a direct methanol fuel cell (col. 1 line 16).

As to claim 16, Surampudi et al. discloses a fuel cell system comprising a liquid fuel cell having an anode (figure 1 number 14), a cathode (figure 1 number 16) and an electrolyte membrane put therebetween (figure 1 number 18), a fuel supply unit

including a mixing container mixing liquid fuel and an exhaust exhausted from the liquid fuel cell so as to form liquid mixture (figure 2 number 35), the liquid mixture being supplied to the anode (figure 2 number 20), an air supply unit supplying air to the cathode (figure 2 number 26), a heat exchanger exposed to an ambient air (figure 2 number 37) and a circulation unit circulating the liquid mixture between the mixing container and the heat exchanger so as to exchange heat between the ambient air and the liquid mixture (figure 2). As to claim 17, Surampudi et al. discloses that the mixing container is configured so that the exhaust passes through the mixture housed in the mixing container thereby gas fractions in the exhaust is separated (figure 2 number 23 and 35). As to claim 23, Surampudi et al. discloses that fuel cell is a direct methanol fuel cell (col. 1 line 16).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 11-13,19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Surampudi et al. in view of Von Andrian (6977118).

Surampudi et al. discloses the fuel cell system described above. As to claim 2, Surampudi et al. fail to disclose that the exhaust is exhausted from the cathode. As to claim 4, Surampudi et al. discloses that the exhaust is exhausted from both the cathode and the anode (figure 2 number 23,30). As to claims 11 and 19, Surampudi et al. fail to

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disclose a second heat exchanger exchanging heat between the mixture supplied by the fuel supply unit and an exhaust exhausted from the anode. As to claims 12 and 20, Surampudi et al. fail to disclose a second heat exchanger exchanging heat between the mixture supplied by the fuel supply unit and an exhaust exhausted from the cathode. As to claims 13 and 21, Surampudi et al. fail to disclose a second heat exchanger exchanging heat between the mixture supplied by the fuel supply unit and an exhaust exhausted from the cathode and anode.

Von Andrian teaches a plurality of heat exchangers (figure 1 numbers WT1, WT2, and WT3) exchanging heat between the fuel supplied by the fuel supply unit (figure 1 methanol tank) to the anode (figure 1) and an exhaust exhausted from the liquid fuel cell wherein the exhaust is exhausted from both the anode and the cathode (figure 1) for the purpose of preheating the fuel mixture in the first heat exchanger and then heating the fuel mixture to operating temperature through the second heat exchanger (col. 3 lines 35-45).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time applicant's invention was made to provide Surampudi et al. with a plurality of heat exchangers exchanging heat between the fuel supplied by the fuel supply unit to the anode and an exhaust exhausted from the liquid fuel cell wherein the exhaust is exhausted from both the anode and the cathode in order preheat the fuel mixture in the first heat exchanger and then heat the fuel mixture to operating temperature through the second heat exchanger (col. 3 lines 35-45) as taught by Von Andrian.

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6. Claims 10 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Surampudi et al. in view of Tsuki et al. (4629664).

Surampudi et al. discloses the fuel cell described above. Surampudi et al. fail to disclose a second mixing container communicated with the mixing container wherein the liquid mixture is supplied from the second mixing container to the anode.

Tsuki et al. teaches a second mixing container communicated with the mixing container wherein the liquid mixture is supplied from the second mixing container to the anode for the purpose of providing good fuel cell performance (col. 8 lines 31).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time applicant's invention was made to provide Surampudi et al. with a second mixing container communicated with the mixing container wherein the liquid mixture is supplied from the second mixing container to the anode in order to provide good fuel cell performance (col. 8 lines 31).

#### Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-5,7-13,15-21,23 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jane Rhee whose telephone number is 571-272-1499. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patrick Ryan can be reached on 571-272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Jane Rhee

October 23,2006

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER